

RESULT

You're a Wolf

DR KRISTY GOODWIN



Wolf

(PM SHIFTED)



21% OF POPULATION

GO TO BED
01:00am

WAKE UP
09:00am

PEAK-PERFORMANCE HOURS
05:00pm - 10:00pm



Do your deep work and focus sprints in the late afternoon to early evening and your shallow work in the morning after you wake up.

These results are based on Dr Michael Breus' book The Power of When.

drkristygoodwin.com

OPTIMISED CHRONOTYPE

- DAILY SCHEDULE -

It is estimated that around 21% of the global population is an wolf, or sometimes referred to as a 'PM-shifted' person. There are some concerns that some people are becoming more of an wolf than their chronotype might prefer, because of blue light exposure from screens. The wolf chronotype can be the most challenging chorontype for work purposes as it's incongruent to the traditional 9am-5pm workday. Most work schedules are designed for lions and bears, which often results in wolves working during some of their ideal sleep time. However, more flexible, productive work arrangements, thanks to remote work and hybrid work arrangements means that there's now more scope to better meet the needs of a wolf's chronotype-based schedule.

You're the person who gets excited about an 8pm dinner party invitation (unlike the lion who dreads this time), but dreads seeing a 9am staff meeting in your calendar! As an wolf, you naturally wake up in the mid to late morning, feel most energised in the late afternoon and well into the evening and are happy to go to bed in the early hours of the morning.

PEAK-PERFORMANCE HOURS	ENERGY TROUGH HOURS	OPTIMAL SLEEP TIMES
05:00pm-10:00pm	03:30pm-04:30pm	01:00am-09:00am
Your energy and focus are at their peak in the late-afternoon and well into the evening. The evening is typically your mental prime time and when you can get the most work done. This is when you're best to tackle your 'deep work' (mentally taxing tasks) and should try to build a fortress around your focus at this time by disabling as many digital distractions as possible. This is an ideal time to solve problems and to think critically about any issues that need some deep thought. It's also an ideal time to make decisions, or a powerful impression if meeting others for the first time (and they're also happy to accommodate your time requests).	Your energy and focus are likely to dip in the mid to late afternoon. This is when you may start to feel tired and may become more easily distracted. This may also be the time where your motivation starts to wane. This is a typical part of your circadian rhythm. This would be an ideal time to take a longer break, engage in some physical activity (to bolster your focus), or attend to some of your 'shallow work' such as emails, phone calls, meetings (that <i>don't</i> require too much mental rigour, or deep thought).	Ideally, you want to have a digital curfew, around an hour before you sleep (so 12am if you're intending on being asleep by 1am). Sleep is vital for our psychological wellbeing, productivity, focus and physical health. We must ensure we're getting not only the right amount of sleep (the recommendation for adults is 7-9 hours/night), but also getting good quality of sleep (at least 4-6 completed sleep cycles) and accumulating our sleep during our chronotype's optimal sleep times.

YOUR OPTIMAL CHRONOTYPE-BASED - WORK SCHEDULE -

Based on your chronotype (Wolf), it's suggested that you set up your ideal work day according to the following guidelines. This is not a prescriptive timetable as you may not always have full control over your workday schedule and as previously mentioned, wolf chronotypes are often the most challenging to accommodate because of our work schedules and the fact that the majority of the population fall into the lion and bear chronotypes.

However, where you can set up your day and control your calendar, the following parameters are advised as it will allow you to do the most demanding tasks when your energy and focus are at their peak. Try to communicate your chronotype's needs to your partner, family, friends and team to help them to better understand your needs and encourage them to find out their chronotype.

TIME	SUGGESTED TASKS
PEAK-PERFORMANCE HOURS 05:00pm-10:00pm	Deep work tasks should be tackled during this time. Tasks that may include critical meetings/calls with decision makers (not progress meetings), meetings/calls involving negotiations, or meetings/calls that require intense mental rigour, or a high level of EQ (emotional quotient) should be scheduled in the late afternoon where possible (even if you attempted to schedule most meetings or calls between 3-5pm it would be much better than early mornings for your chronotype). Any mentally-demanding tasks that require analysis, logic, synthesis, comparison or evaluation such as data analysis, writing a report or proposal, replying to a complex email, or reading or presenting research should be performed here. This is the prime time for your deep work as your brain's executive function skills (impulse control, working memory and mental flexibility) are at a peak. This is an ideal time of the day to make important decisions.
ENERGY TROUGH HOURS 03:30pm-04:30pm	Shallow work tasks should be tackled during this time block (or first thing in the morning if you have to start work around 9am). Relatively simple or routine tasks should be scheduled between 3:30-4:30pm (where possible). This may include tasks such as replying to simple emails (save the complex emails for your peak-performance hours of 5-10pm), performing administrative tasks, making client or team calls. Your executive function skills decline during this window of time so you're much more likely to succumb to digital distractions. This is an ideal time to take a longer break and also engage in some physical activity to bolster your focus for the afternoon and into the evening which is your peak time.
PRIME CREATIVE TIME 09:00am-01:00pm	Your creativity is typically at a peak between 9am-1pm. Try to undertake tasks that require innovative thinking, insight or creativity to this time of the day. This is an ideal time for collaborative team discussions, presenting various options or solutions to clients, or for scheduling conversations (meetings or calls) where you know you'll need to think in a non-analytical or non-systematic fashion.

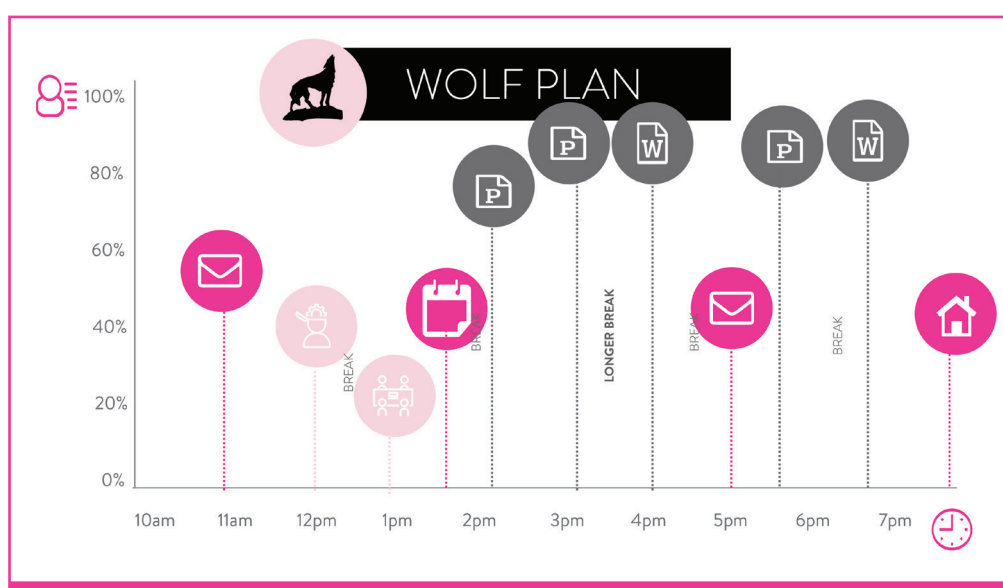
KEY

= deep work

= shallow work

= creative work

BREAK LONGER BREAK
 breaks every 90minutes





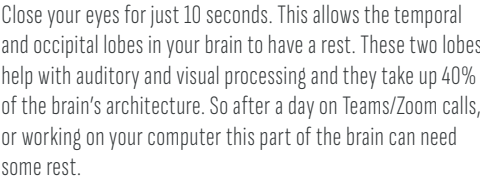
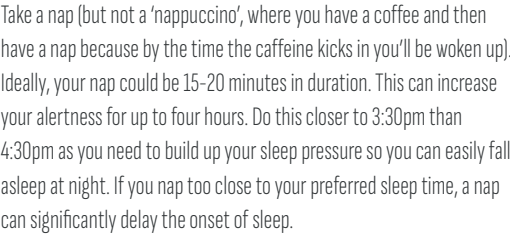
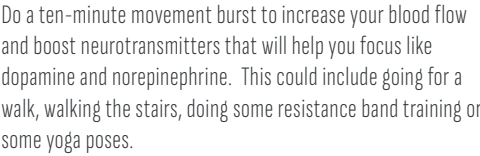
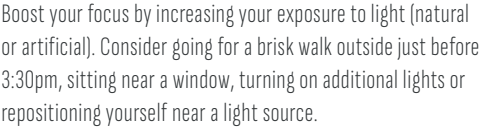
DR KRISTY GOODWIN

TACTICS TO OVERCOME

Your Energy Trough

Research consistently tells us that we need to take regular breaks. We have energy peaks and troughs because of our ultradian rhythm (which means we go through peaks and troughs in our energy and focus in roughly 90 minute intervals). Ideally, we would be taking regular breaks every 90 minutes (possibly less, depending on your personal ultradian rhythm). Your energy will decline significantly between 3:30-4:30pm most days.

Research consistently tells us that we need to take regular breaks. We have energy peaks and troughs because of our ultradian rhythm (which means we go through peaks and troughs in our energy and focus in roughly 90 minute intervals). Ideally, we would be taking regular breaks every 90 minutes (possibly less, depending on your personal ultradian rhythm). Your energy will decline significantly between 3:30-4:30pm most days.



ADJUSTING YOUR RHYTHM

Your chronotype is biologically determined and cannot be shifted. Your genetics, environment, age and sex combine to influence your chronotype. However, you do have some control over your circadian rhythm and can make some slight adjustments to when you sleep. Please note, you cannot shift from a lion to an wolf.

Our bodies rely on zeitgebers, which are environmental cues, to align our circadian rhythm to the external world. For example, light exposure, mealtimes and social interactions are part of our daily schedules that can influence our circadian rhythm. Adjustments to these can have incremental impacts on our circadian rhythm.

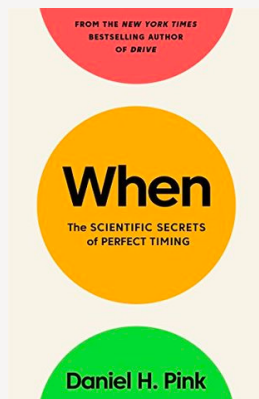
Some wolves want to shift more towards being a lion or bear person. As previously suggested, it's challenging to be a wolf as the world operates on an AM-shifted or bi-phasic schedule. Many wolves suffer from sleep deprivation as their circadian rhythm is misaligned with the dominant work hours. Many wolves attempt to compensate for poor sleep during the week, by having longer sleeps on the weekends, which can actually exacerbate the problem as it can delay sleep onset on Sunday evening.

The following suggestions will help you to go to bed and wake up a little earlier. It is strongly advised that you do not deprive yourself of sleep in an effort to shift your schedule, or attempt to radically shift your chronotype's optimal routine. If you do want to adopt a more AM-shifted circadian rhythm, you could consider the following ideas:

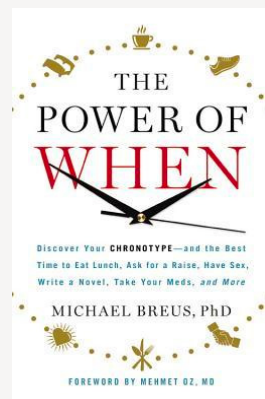
- Shift your evening routine so you try to fall asleep 1-2 hours earlier (11pm-12am). Do this gradually over time, in roughly 15-20 minute intervals.
- Expose yourself to natural sunlight in the morning (between 7am-11am). If natural light exposure isn't an option then exposure to artificial lighting in the morning can help- consider turning on energy-saving, fluorescent lights.
- Avoid bright lights (especially blue light from digital devices) in the 2 hours before your sleep so you can prevent sleep onset delays.
- Allow yourself to experience boredom or engage in more passive activities (watching TV instead of scrolling social media, gaming or replying to emails before sleep).
- Do something you enjoy, or engage in physical activity when you first wake up, to activate your focus. Both types of activities can bolster dopamine levels which can aid with focus.
- Move your evening meal by 1-2 hours earlier than you ordinarily would.
- Complete all physical activities at least three hours before you want to fall asleep.
- Keep your sleep routine consistent every day, even on weekends.

MORE READING

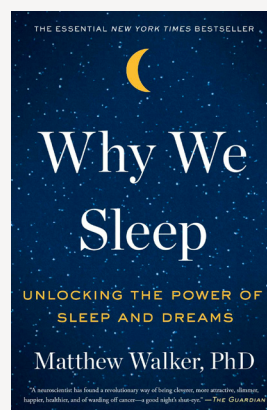
INFORMATION IN THIS REPORT IS GLEANED FROM THE FOLLOWING BOOKS AND RESEARCH:



WHEN: THE
SCIENTIFIC SECRETS
OF PERFECT TIMING
DAN PINK



THE POWER OF WHEN
DR MICHAEL BREUS



WHY WE SLEEP
DR MATTHEW WALKER